NATURE-BASED SOLUTIONS FOR URBAN CLIMATE RESILIENCE

URBAN SYSTEMS LAB

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NBS FOR URBAN CLIMATE RESILIENCE:

- Urbanization and Climate Change
- How Much Can NBS do?
- Putting NBS into an Urban Systems Context
- Bringing Science to Policy
- Sharing Knowledge Building Networks



URBANIZATION AND CLIMATE CHANGE

ON A COLLISION COURSE

OUR SHARED URBAN PLANET

COMPLICATED, COMPLEX, CONNECTED, CONGESTED, & CONTESTED



URBAN PLANET

Knowledge Towards Sustainable Cities

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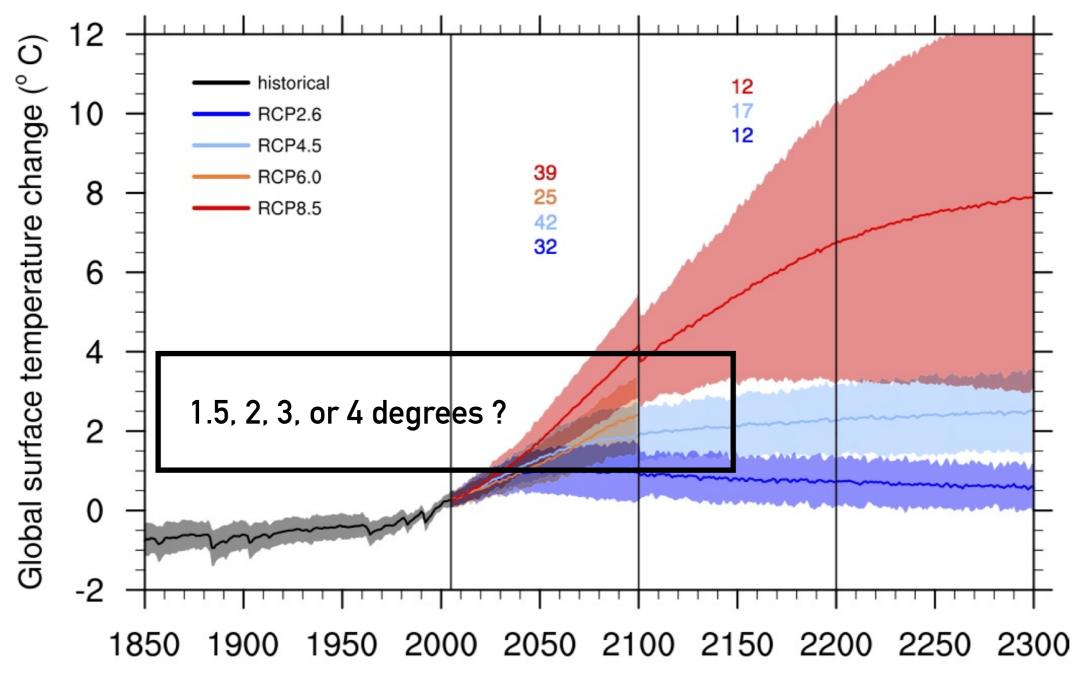
DAVID MADDOX • TIMON MCPHEARSON SUSAN PARNELL • PATRICIA ROMERO-LANKAO DAVID SIMON • MARK WATKINS

>100 AUTHORS

SCIENTISTS, ARTISTS, **DESIGNERS, PLANNERS, ECONOMISTS, ACTIVISTS**

FREE download at Cambridge Univ. Press

IPCC GLOBAL CLIMATE SCENARIOS (AR5)



Hurricane Laura, August 26, 2020

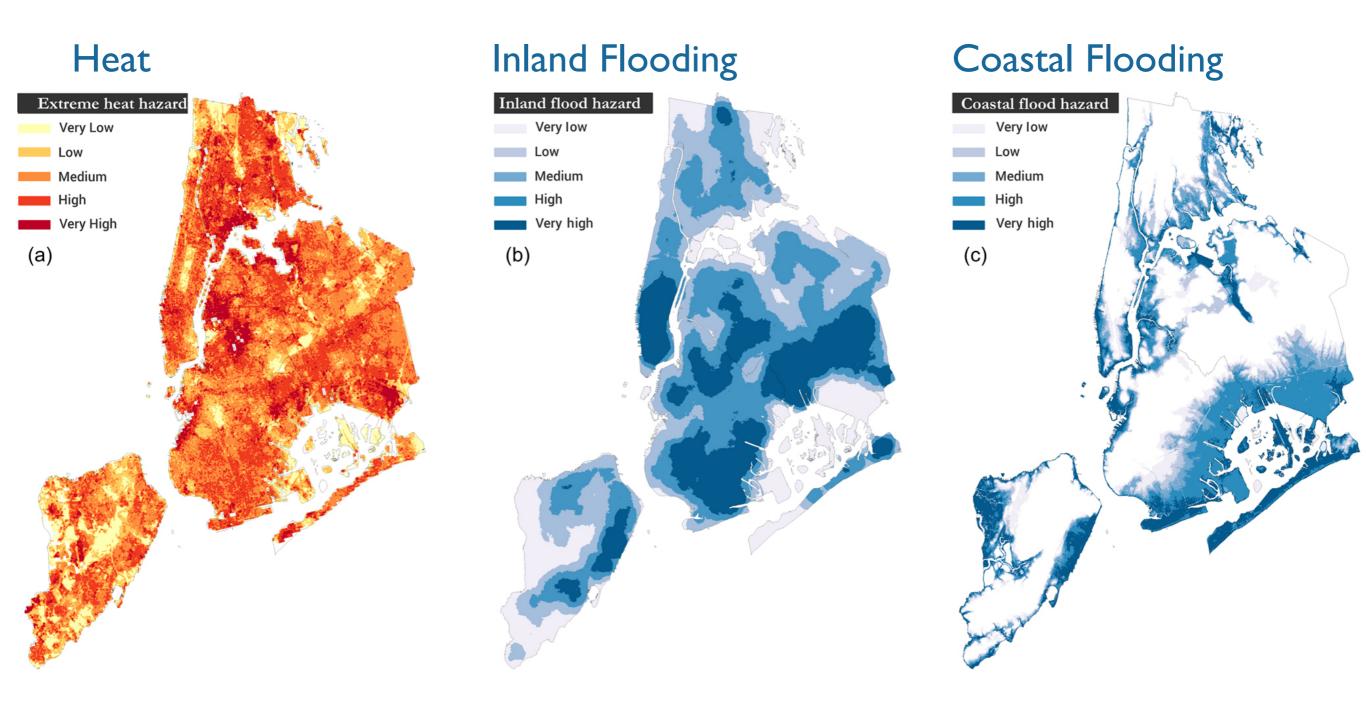
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Wildfires in California-Oregon-Washington September 2020

Urbanization and Climate Change on a Collision Course



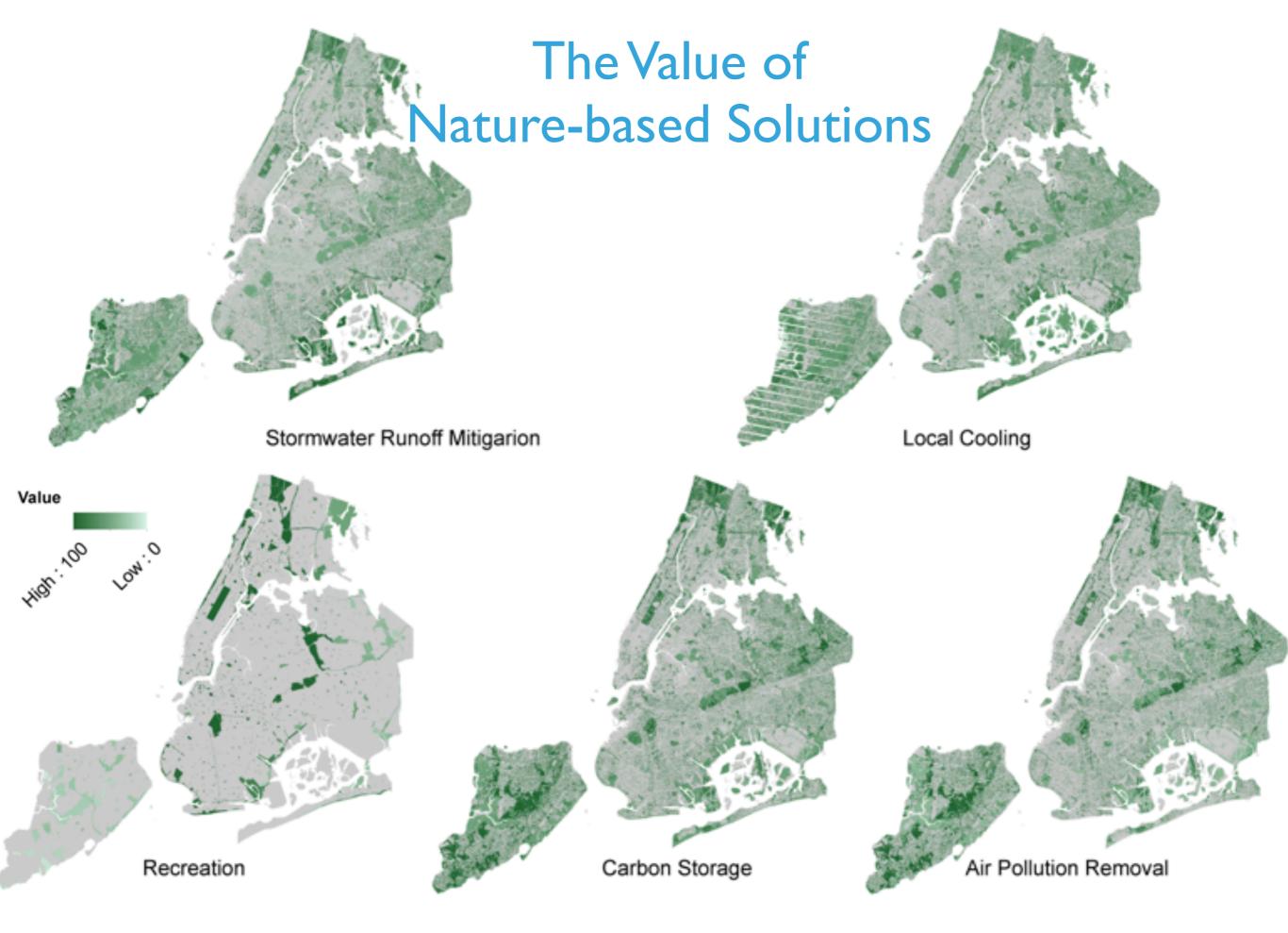
MULTI-HAZARD RISK IN NEW YORK CITY



Depietri, Dahal, and McPhearson 2018, NHESS

HOW MUCH CAN NBS DO?

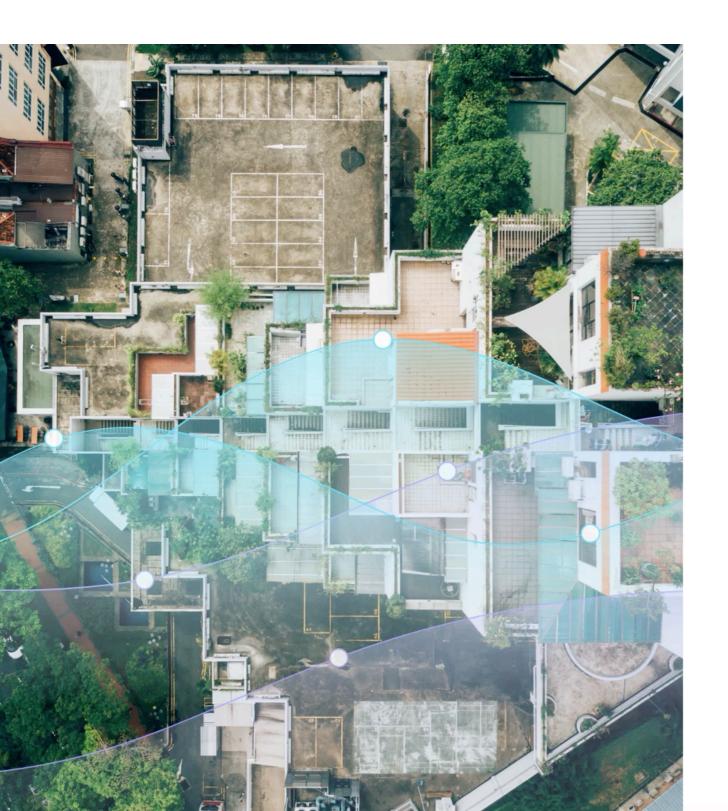
UNDER OR OVER PROMISING ON NBS?



(Kremer, Hamstead & McPhearson (2016) *Environmental Science & Policy*)

SMARTER GREENER CITIES

IOT SENSORS AND REAL-TIME DATA



SENSCITY

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URBAN RESILIENCE OF ECOSYSTEM SERVICES?

UN CONVENTION ON BIOLOGICAL DIVERSITY AT COP 24



(McPhearson et al, "Resilience Of and Through Ecosystem Services" 2015)

SMARTer Greener Cities

Sustainable Urban Development and Smart Cities: A Call for proposals for research projects

To be liveable, equitable, resilient and positive contributors to global sustainability, cities need to be designed and governed as complex systems where technological and digital infrastructure supports ecological-biophysical and social-institutional-economic dynamics. However, social and ecological dimensions of urban design and governance are not well integrated into "smart" city agendas.

How can investment in smart cities jointly support multiple urban objectives? Smart cities have so far failed to address nature-based solutions in urban forests, parks, and community gardens and their contribution to human well-being, including stress relief and heat mitigation. The SMARTer Greener Cities project aims to develop and test novel tools and processes for explicitly converging social, ecological, and technological systems (SETS) approaches for improving life in cities. The convergence of these approaches will promote resilient and equitable urban futures in Helsinki, Copenhagen, and Stockholm, and generate new opportunities for transformative change and increasing resilience to extreme events in other Nordic cities. The comprehensive integration of emerging science and practice connected to each of the three couplings (social-ecological (S-E), ecological-technological (E-T), and social-technological (S-T)) into a combined SETS framework is essential for the development of "smarter" (through systems) solutions for resilience and equity.

smartergreenercities.eu

PUTTING NBS INTO CONTEXT

IT'S SYSTEMS ALL THE WAY DOWN

THE FOUR LAWS OF ECOLOGY

- **1. Everything is connected to everything else**
- 2. Everything must go somewhere
- 3. Nature knows best
- 4. There is no such thing as a free lunch

Barry Commoner, The Closing Circle (1971)

Advancing Urban Ecology toward a Science of Cities

TIMON MCPHEARSON, STEWARD T. A. PICKETT, NANCY B. GRIMM, JARI NIEMELÄ, MARINA ALBERTI, THOMAS ELMQVIST, CHRISTIANE WEBER, DAGMAR HAASE, JÜRGEN BREUSTE, AND SALMAN QURESHI

Urban ecology is a field encompassing multiple disciplines and practical applications and has grown rapidly. However, the field is heterogeneous as a global inquiry with multiple theoretical and conceptual frameworks, variable research approaches, and a lack of coordination among multiple schools of thought and research foci. Here, we present an international consensus on how urban ecology can advance along multiple research directions. There is potential for the field to mature as a holistic, integrated science of urban systems. Such an integrated science could better inform decisionmakers who need increased understanding of complex relationships among social, ecological, economic, and built infrastructure systems. To advance the field requires conceptual synthesis, knowledge and data sharing, cross-city comparative research, new intellectual networks, and engagement with additional disciplines. We consider challenges and opportunities for understanding dynamics of urban systems. We suggest pathways for advancing urban ecology research to support the goals of improving urban sustainability and resilience, conserving urban biodiversity, and promoting human well-being on an urbanizing planet.

Keywords: urban ecology, conceptual frameworks, comparative research, urban systems, complexity

BioScience 66: 198–212. © The Author(s) 2016. Published by Oxford University Press on behalf of the American Institute of Biological Sciences. All rights reserved. For Permissions, please e-mail: journals.permissions@oup.com. doi:10.1093/biosci/biw002 Advance Access publication 24 February 2016

198 BioScience • March 2016 / Vol. 66 No. 3

http://bioscience.oxfordjournals.org

A SETS APPROACH TO ADVANCING URBAN SCIENCE FOR RESILIENCE



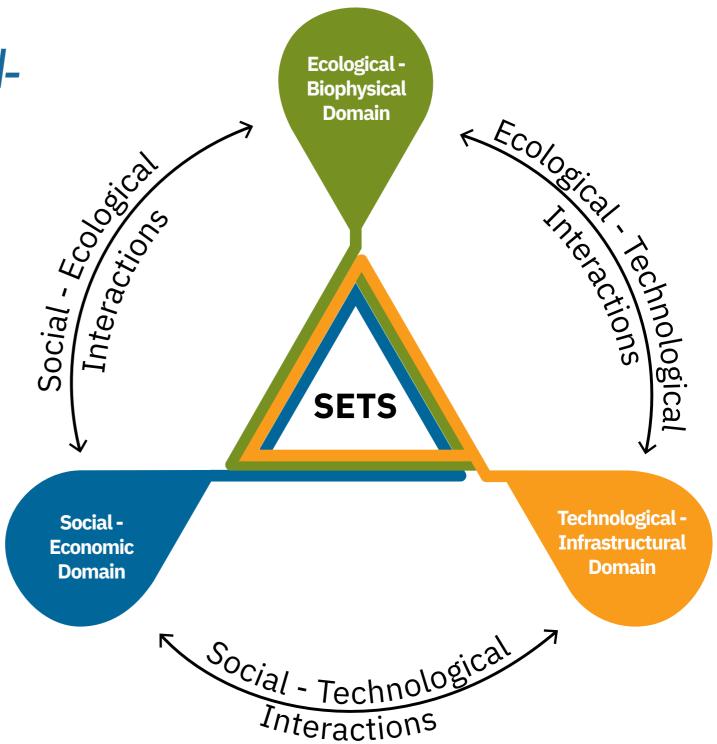


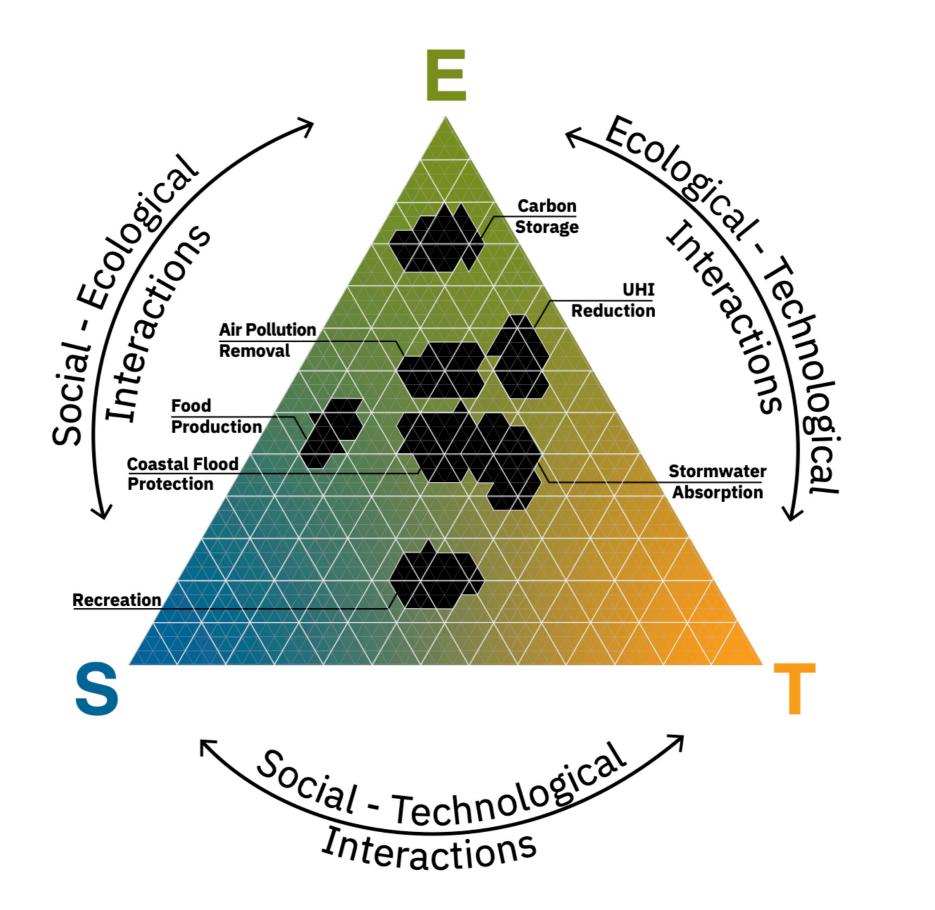
Urban Resilience to Extremes Sustainability Research Network

www.URExSRN.net



Cities are social-ecologicaltechnological systems (SETS) with embedded social structures, institutions, and drivers and dynamic feedbacks between their social, ecological, and infrastructural components.





(McPhearson, Cook, Berbes, Grimm et al. in revision)

NBS for Whom?

% POPULATION LIVING IN POVERTY AND DISTRIBUTION OF EXISTING GREEN ROOFS

Green Roof Area (sq.ft.)

• 271 - 3,500

12,001 - 42,000

3,501 - 12,000

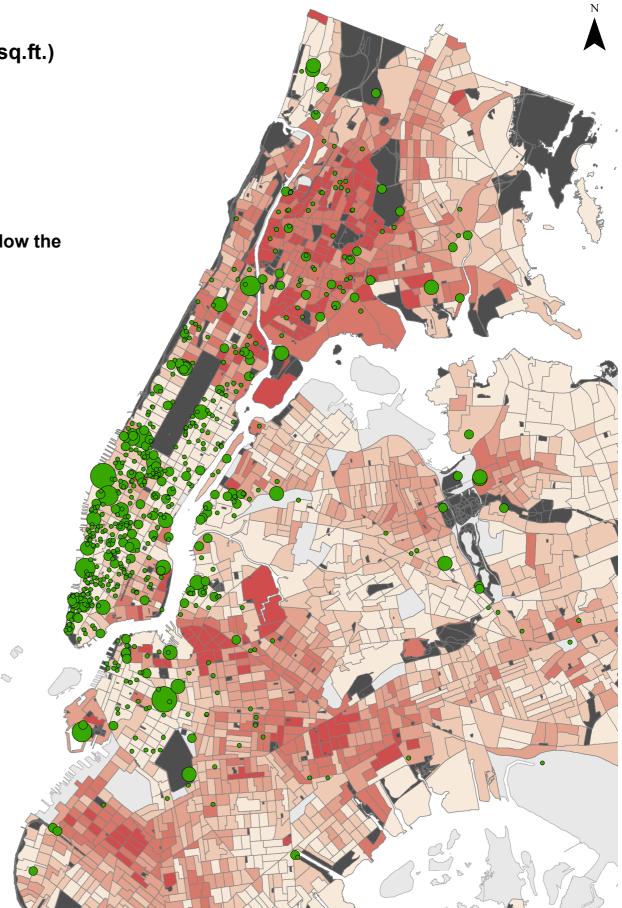
42,001 - 125,000

125,001 - 300,000

Population Living Below the Poverty Line

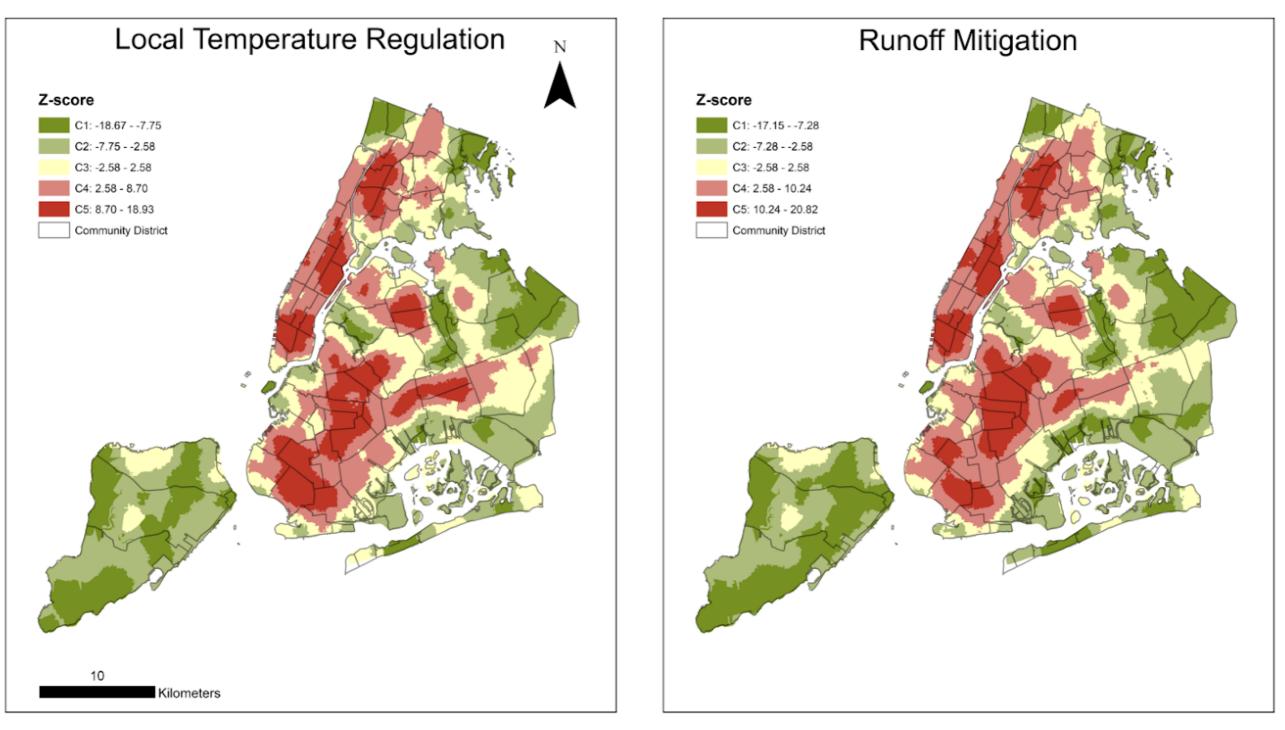


(Ilieva and McPhearson, in prep)



1.25 2.5 5 Miles

NBS FOR WHOM? HOTSPOTS OF HIGH DEMAND AND LOW SUPPLY



Herreros-Cantis and McPhearson, in revision

BRINGING SCIENCE TO POLICY

NATURE-BASED SOLUTIONS

How Decades of Racist Housing Policy Left Neighborhoods Sweltering - The New York Times

NEW YORK CITY STORMWATER RESILIENCY

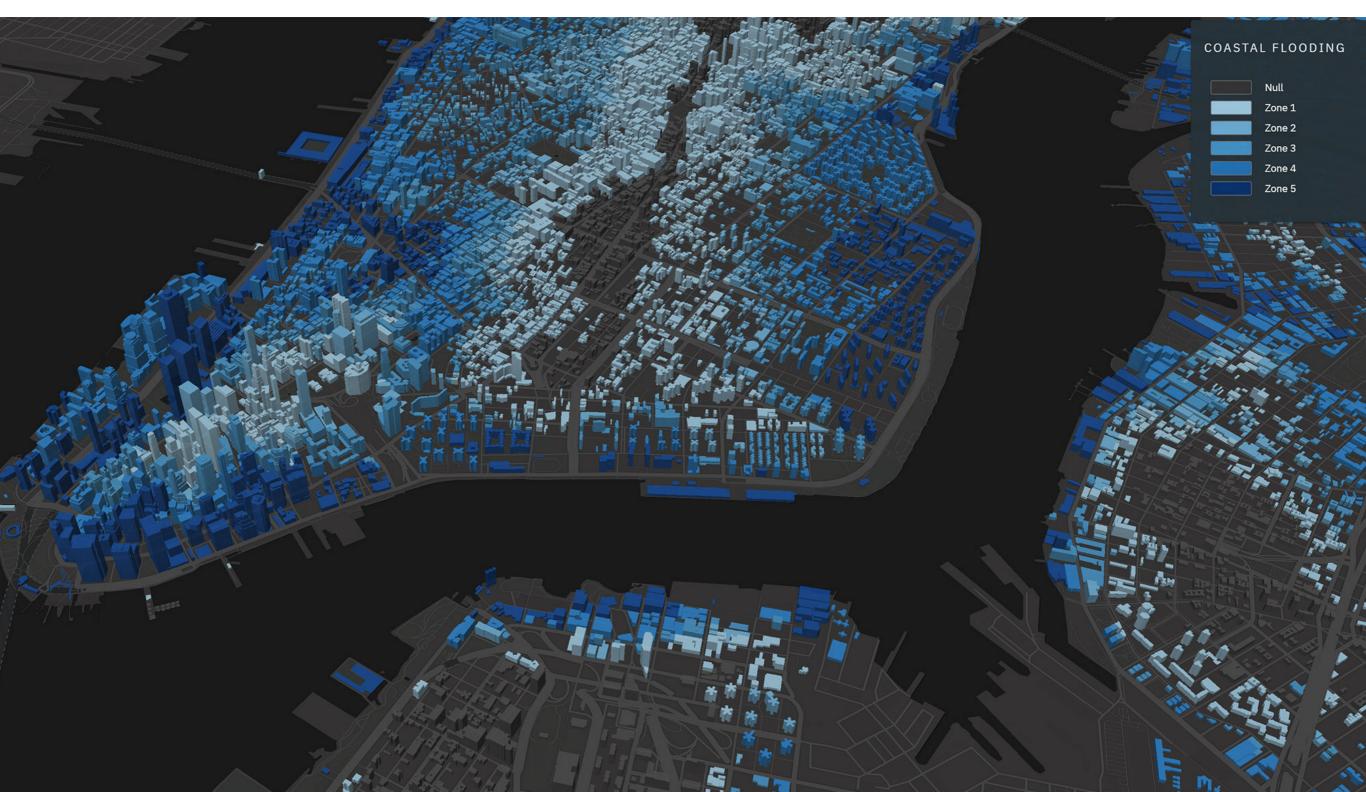
Get Started

STORMWATER AND INLAND FLOODING IN NEW YORK CITY: MODELING RAINFALL AND COMBINED SLR FLOODING SCENARIOS

HIGH RESOLUTION FLOOD SCENARIOS

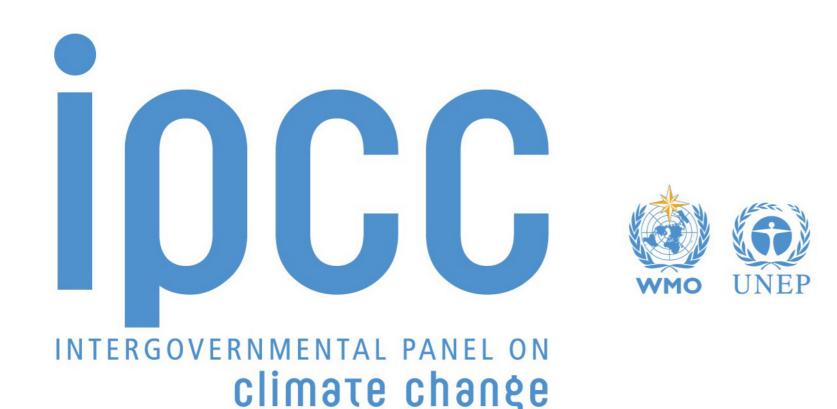


VISUALIZING THE FUTURE



SHARING KNOWLEDGE

BUILDING NETWORKS





Science and Policy for People and Nature



NATURA exchanges knowledge, shares data, and enhances communication among research disciplines and across the research-practice divide to advance understanding of how to build resilience to the growing threat of extreme weather events.



NATURA links over 30 networks in North, Central and South America, Africa, Asia-Pacific, and Europe to enhance connectivity among the world's nature-based solutions scholars and practitioners

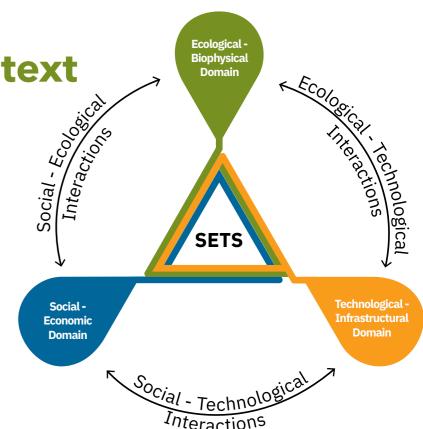






NATURA will focus on addressing Five Key Gaps:

- 1. Synergistic benefits of **bundles of NBS** for urban resilience
- 2. Role of **social-cultural (S) context** in NBS outcomes
- 3. Role of ecological-biophysical (E) context
- 4. Role of technological-infrastructural (T) context
- 5. Role of (SETS) interactions in NBS outcomes





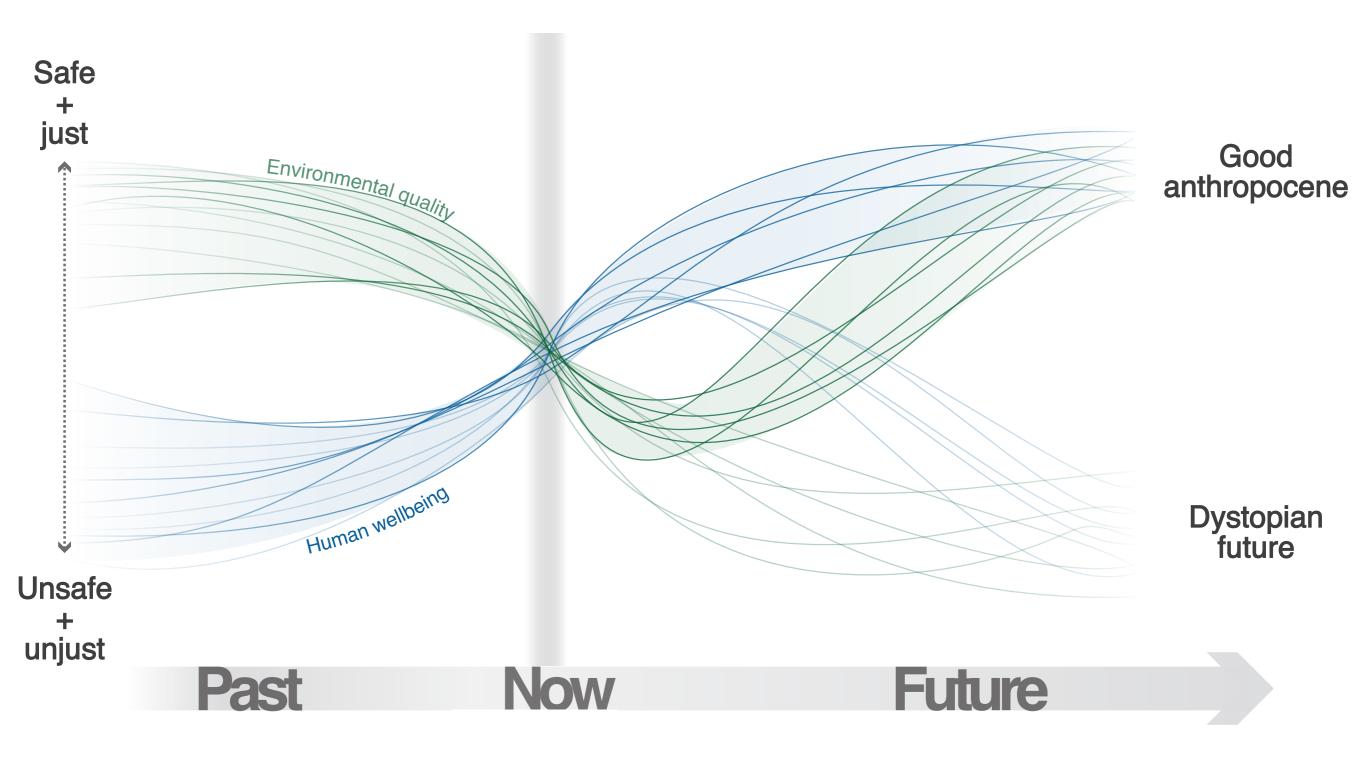
Goals of **synthesis, data sharing, and network coordination** will be accomplished through All-hands meetings, Thematic working groups, Regional nodes, and Synthesis writing workshops

Learning Exchanges will train postdoctoral scholars and graduate students and build capacity of the next generation of **researchers and practitioners** on applications of NBS through global networking.

Early-career researchers and practitioners will be sponsored by NATURA to spend five-week visits with network partners

Thematic Working Groups will create opportunities to deepen peer learning for focused groups designed and led by NATURA members

International students will be invited to participate in these exchanges, hosted by US networks, and through collaboration and co-funding with partners.



TRANSFORMATION TO A 'GOOD' ANTHROPOCENE?

(Bennett, Solan, Biggs, McPhearson et al., 2016, Frontiers in Ecology Environment)

NBS FOR URBAN RESILIENCE

